





Inverter and Monitoring System

Piyawan Youprom 9.10.2014

Disclaimer

IMPORTANT IFGAL NOTICE

This presentation does not constitute or form part of, and should not be construed as, an offer or invitation to subscribe for, underwrite or otherwise acquire, any securities of SMA Solar Technology AG (the "Company") or any present or future subsidiary of the Company (together with the Company, the "SMA Group") nor should it or any part of it form the basis of, or be relied upon in connection with, any contract to purchase or subscribe for any securities in the Company or any member of the SMA Group or commitment whatsoever.

All information contained herein has been carefully prepared. Nevertheless, we do not guarantee its accuracy or completeness and nothing herein shall be construed to be a representation of such guarantee.

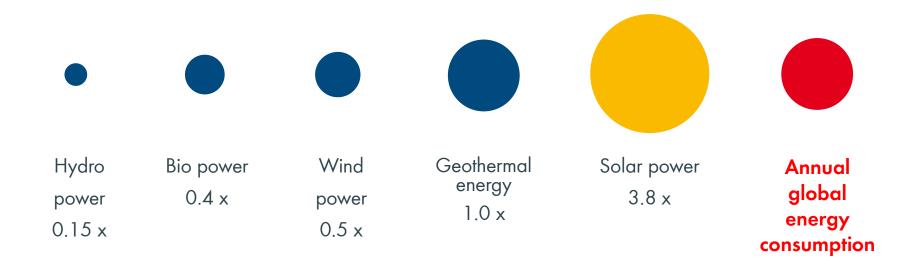
The information contained in this presentation is subject to amendment, revision and updating. Certain statements contained in this presentation may be statements of future expectations and other forward-looking statements that are based on the management's current views and assumptions and involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties. Actual results, performance or events may differ materially from those in such statements as a result of, among others, factors, changing business or other market conditions and the prospects for growth anticipated by the management of the Company. These and other factors could adversely affect the outcome and financial effects of the plans and events described herein. The Company does not undertake any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. You should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements which speak only as of the date of this presentation.

This presentation is for information purposes only and may not be further distributed or passed on to any party which is not the addressee of this presentation. No part of this presentation must be copied, reproduced or cited by the addressees hereof other than for the purpose for which it has been provided to the addressee.

This document is not an offer of securities for sale in the United States of America. Securities may not be offered or sold in the United States of America absent registration or an exemption from registration under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933 as amended.

Why renewable energies?

- Fossil fuels are limited (50 to 200 more years) and discharge emissions harmful to the climate
- Renewable energies provide unlimited resources while avoiding harmful emissions
- Solar energy alone could cover the world's energy demand 3.8 times

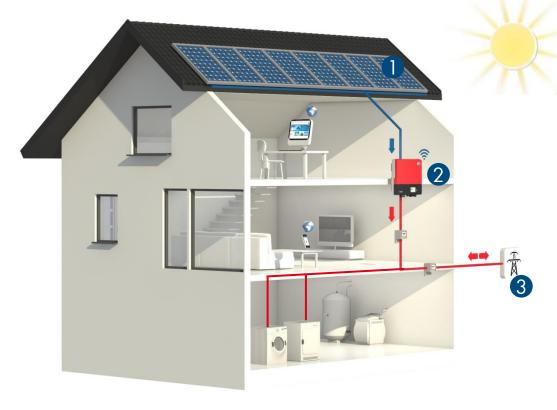




1	Inverter topologies
2	Inverter features
3	Planning and design concept
4	Inverter installation
5	Inverter monitoring



Overview On - Grid Photovoltaic System



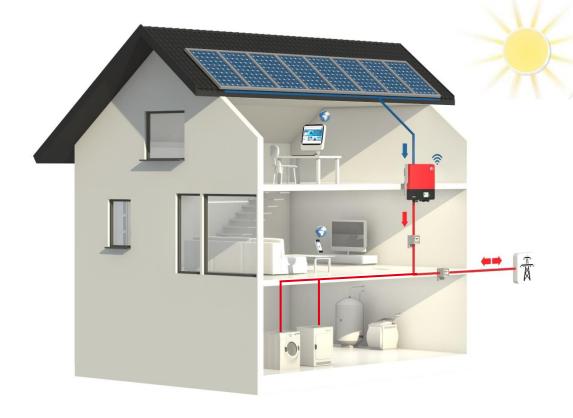
PV generator converts sun power into direct current

2 SMA Inverter converts direct current into alternating current

3 Utility Grid provide alternating voltage



Overview On - Grid Photovoltaic System

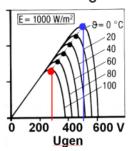


Additional tasks of the inverter

- > Maximum Power Point (MPP)-Tracking
- > System control and monitoring
- > Grid monitoring and services

PV inverter need to have - Functions and Requirements

MPP-Tracking



International compatibility (country configuration, certificates)

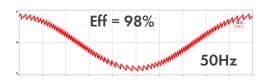


Galvanic Isolation (for TF modules)





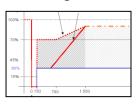
Inverting DC to AC



Protective features (RCMU, R_iso, DC-switch)



Grid monitoring and management



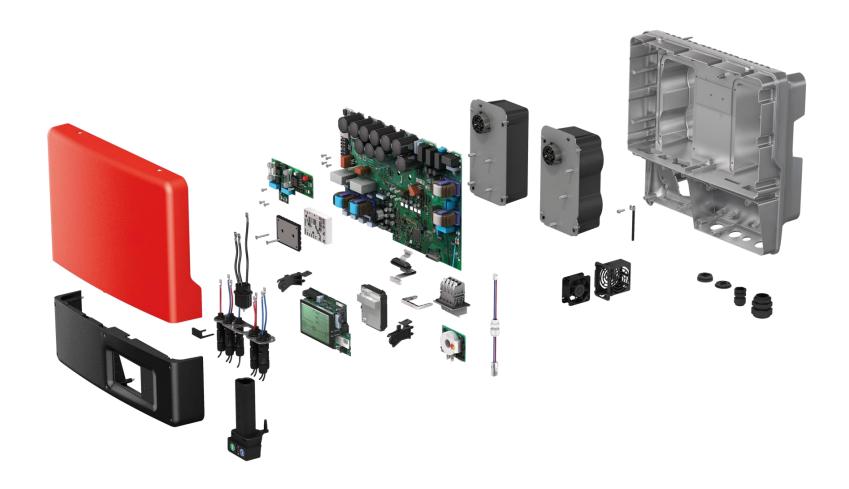


Plant performance monitoring



Inverter topologies with or without transformer





Topologies – Inverter with transformers

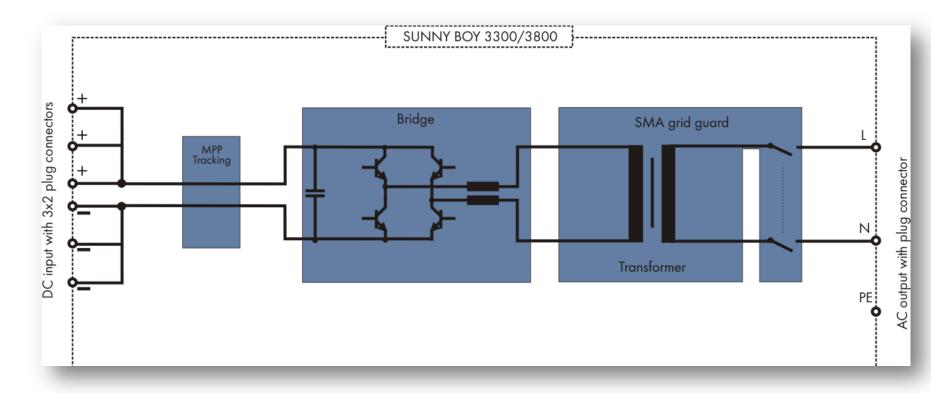
- > Inverter with LF transformer (50Hz)
 - Galvanic isolation
 - Worldwide application
 - Can be used both with crystalline cells and thin film modules
 - Suitable for PV array grounding



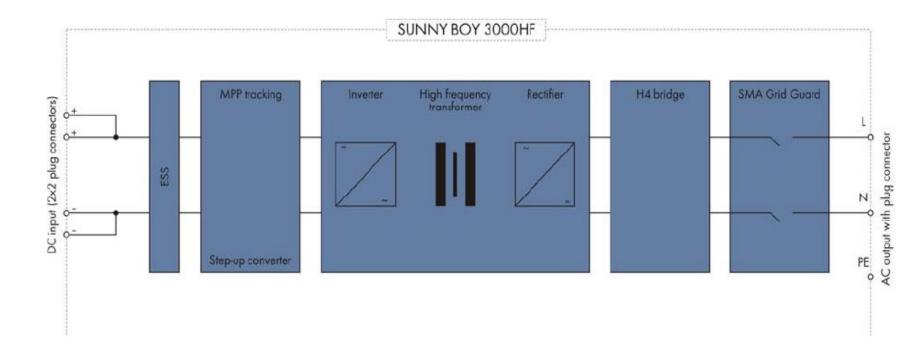
- Inverter with HF transformer (48kHz)
 - Galvanic isolation
 - Worldwide application
 - Reduced weight and dimensions (compared with 50Hz transformers)



String inverter with transformer: Inverter with LF transformer (50Hz)



String inverter with transformer: Inverter with HF transformer (48kHz)



Topologies - Inverter without transformers

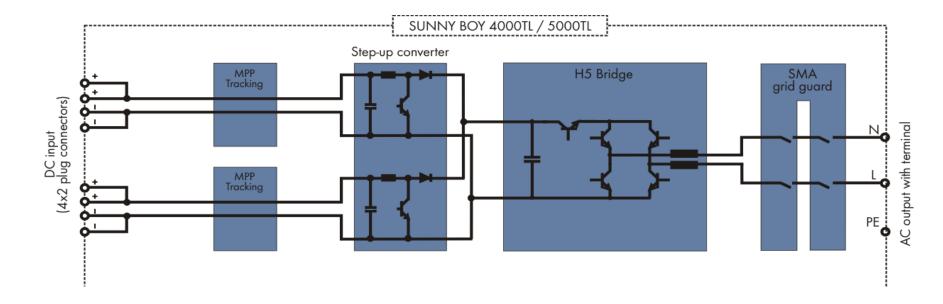
- Inverter without transformer (PV array grounding not allowed!)
 - Highest efficiency, reduced weight
 - Suitable with crystalline cells, not recommended with thin film modules



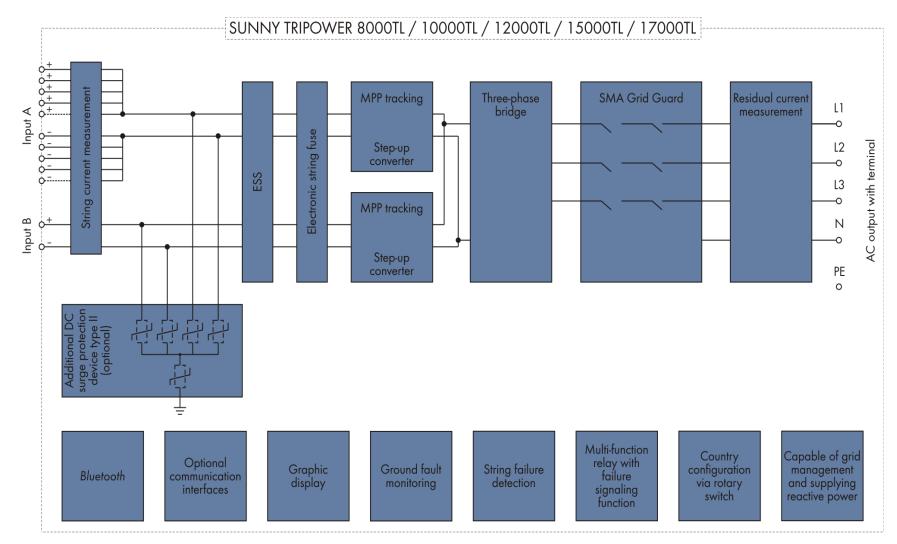




Multistring inverter without transformer



Three-phase inverter without transformer



Inverter features need to have



- > High efficiency
- > Reliability
- > Protection feature
- > Grid monitoring
- > Grid management
- > Easy monitor and control
- > Easy installation
- > Country certificate



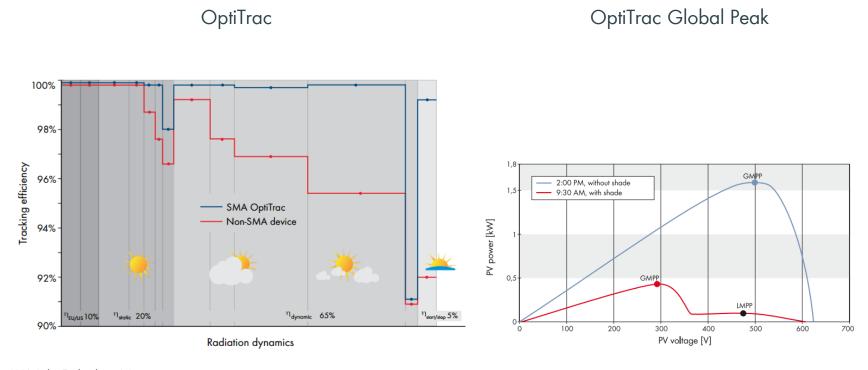
Efficiency

- > High system efficiency
 - Quality of the electronic components (H5 Technology)
 - Fast finding and holding of the Maximum Power Point (MPP) (OptiTrac, OptiTrac Global Peak)
 - High efficiency also during partial load operation

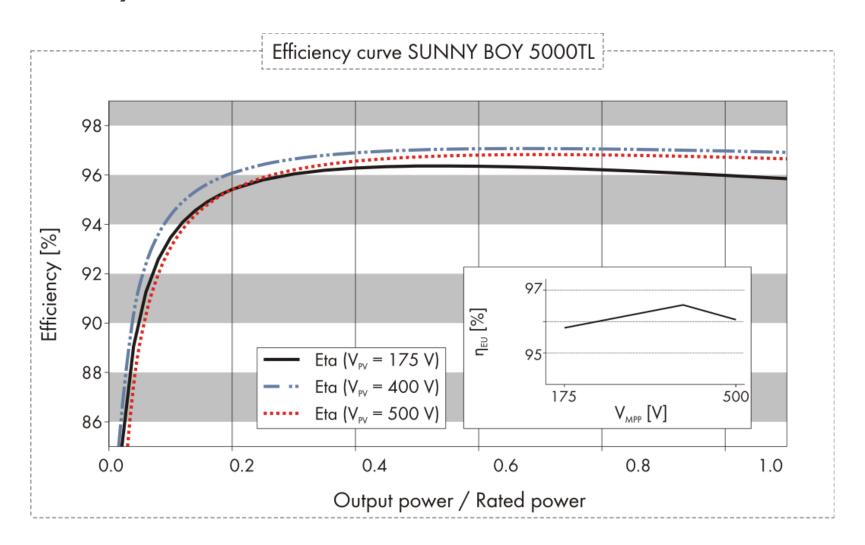
$$\eta = \frac{\text{Output power}}{\text{Input power}} = \frac{P_{AC}}{P_{DC}}$$

Efficiency

> Maximum Power Point Tracking Technology



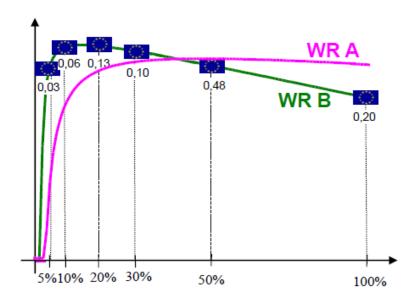
Efficiency Curve



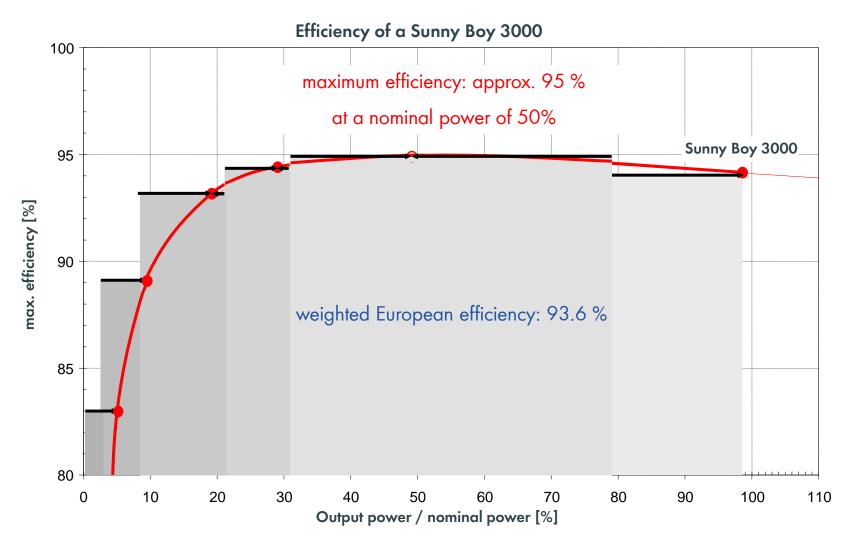
European Efficiency

- > The weighted European efficiency assesses the partial load behavior for PV plants in Central Europe
- > This value is used to compare similar devices

$$\eta$$
 euro = 0,03 × $\eta_{5\% P_n}$ + 0,06 × $\eta_{10\% P_n}$ + 0,13 × $\eta_{20\% P_n}$ + 0,13 × $\eta_{20\% P_n}$ + 0,48 × $\eta_{50\% P_n}$ + 0,2 × $\eta_{100\% P_n}$



Efficiency in partial load



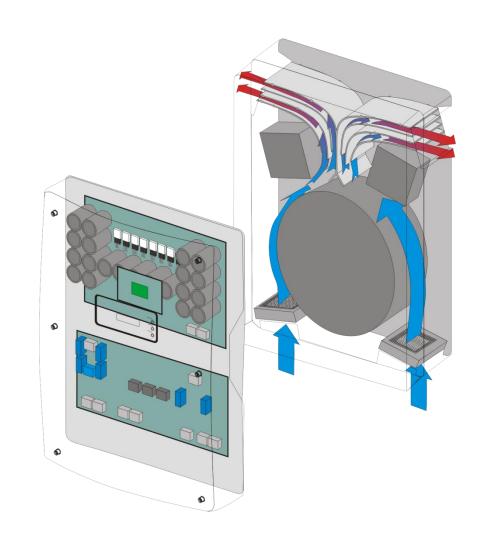
Reliability

> Maximum reliability

 Intelligence cooling concept avoid temperature derating

High protection rating, e.g. IP 65
due to robust enclosure

 Large temperature range (-25°C to +60°C)



Reliability

> Maximum reliability

 Intelligence cooling concept avoid temperature derating

High protection rating, e.g. IP 65
due to robust enclosure

 Large temperature range (-25°C to +60°C)



Protection technology

- > Input-side disconnection device (Electronic Solar Switch ESS)
- > All-pole sensitive residual current monitoring unit (Transformerless inverter)
- > Ground fault monitoring
- > DC surge arrester Type III (Varistors)
- > Grid monitoring (SMA Grid Guard)





Additional protection in Sunny Tripower (STP-10)

- > Electronic string fuse
- > Self-learning string failure detection
- > String current measurement

Grid Management



Power limitation as per EEG §6 / Grid safety management



Frequency-dependent control of active power



Fixed definition of the reactive power by the utility operator



Definition of a dynamic set point of the reactive power by the utility operator



Control of the reactive power over a characteristic curve



Monitored dynamic grid support: LVRT (Low Voltage Ride Through)

Monitor and control

- > Easy functional control
 - Detailed plant monitoring
 - Easy fault diagnosis

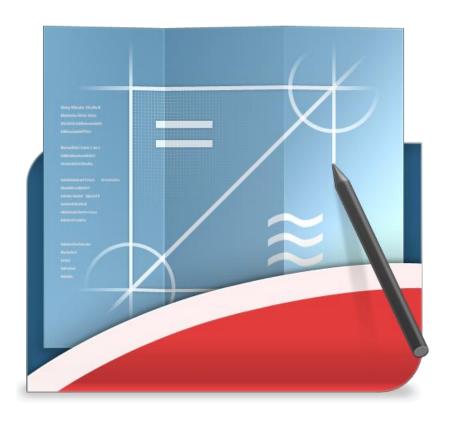






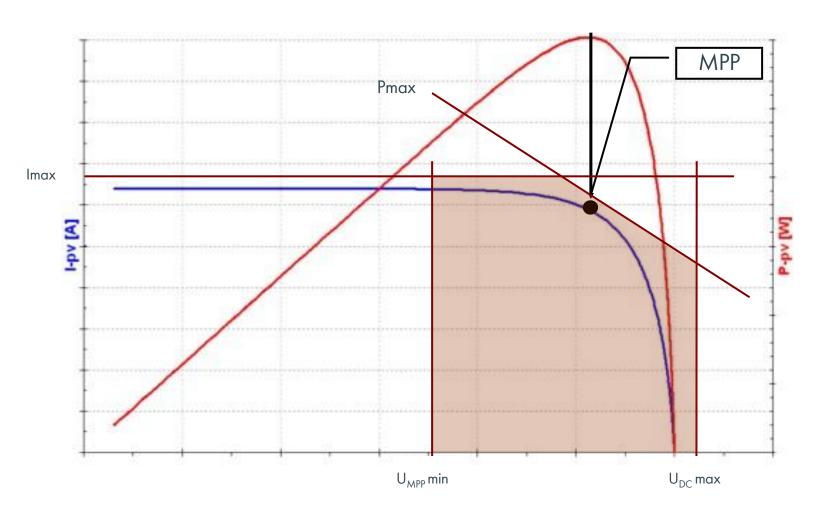
Planning and design concept





www.sunnydesignweb.com

Adjustment of PV Array and Inverter

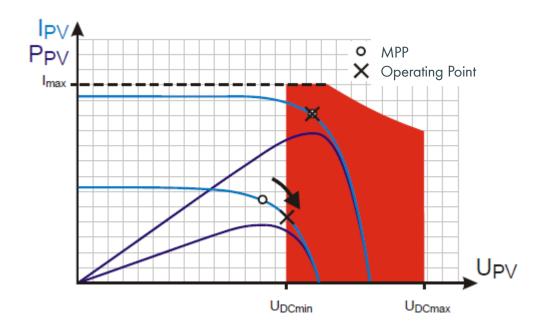


Inverter Specification

Technical data	Sunny Boy 3600TL
Input (DC)	
Max. DC power (@ $\cos \phi = 1$)	3880 W
Max. input voltage	750 V
MPP voltage range / rated input voltage	175 V 500 V / 400 V
Min. input voltage / initial input voltage	125 V / 150 V
Max. input current input A / input B	15 A / 15 A
Max. input current per string input A / input B	15 A / 15 A
Number of independent MPP inputs / strings per MPP input	2 / A:2; B:2

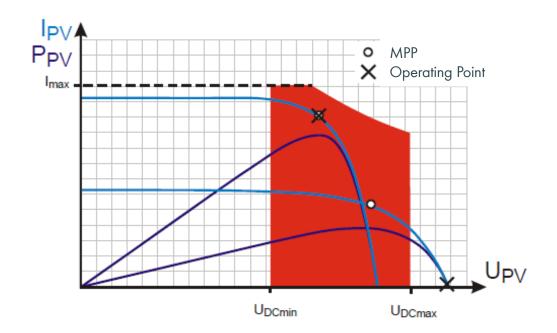
Lowest Operating Voltage

> In the example, the MPP voltage of the PV array is lower than the lowest possible inverter input voltage



Highest Operating Voltage

- > The highest PV-array operating voltage (open-circuit voltage) is achieved at the lowest PV cell temperature
- > In the example, the open-circuit voltage of the PV array is higher than the maximum inverter input voltage → inverter damage may occur!



Plant design

- > Ex. threshold values for the voltage dimensioning:
 - > VMPP (70°C)
 - > MPP voltage at 1000W/m²
 - > Cell temperature of +70°C
 - > Voc (-10°C)
 - > Open circuit voltage at 1000W/m²
 - > Cell temperature of -10°C
- > Avoid shading of solar cells!
 - > in case of unavoidable shading > limit the strings concerned!
- > Optimize orientation, if possible!

Optimized Operation of Partly Shaded PV Plants

- > The most important recommended proceedings are:
 - Group generator parts with similar irradiation
 - No parallel connection of strings; but use a separate MPP tracker for each string (multi-string technology)

Inverter installation





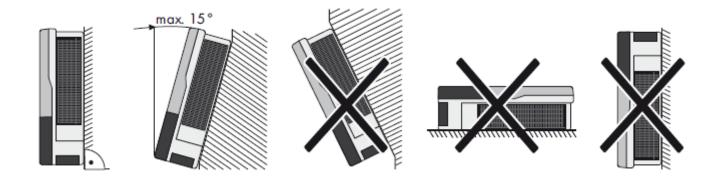
> Please follow the instructions of installation manual!

Inverter installation

- > Mounting
- > Remove the enclosure lid
- > Connection to the Electricity Grid (AC)
- > Connecting the PV Array (DC)
- > Close the enclosure lid
- > Commissioning

Inverter Mounting - STP 15000/20000TLEE-10

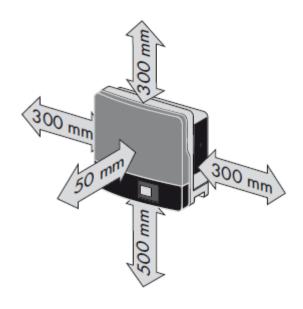
- > Mounting Condition
 - mounting on solid surface non-flammable surface only
 - mounting location



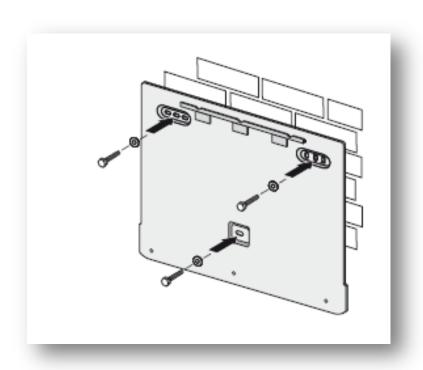
• ambient temperature range between -25°C and +60°C

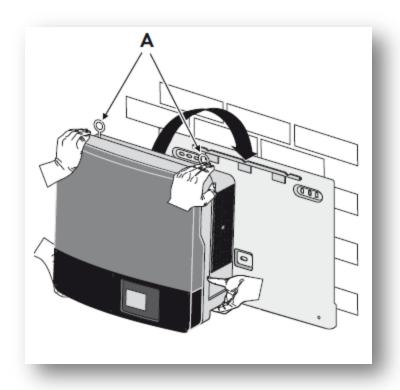
Inverter Mounting - STP 15000/20000TLEE-10

- > Mounting Condition
 - recommended clearances
 - ensures adequate heat dissipation
 - ensures sufficient room to operate the DC switch-disconnector.

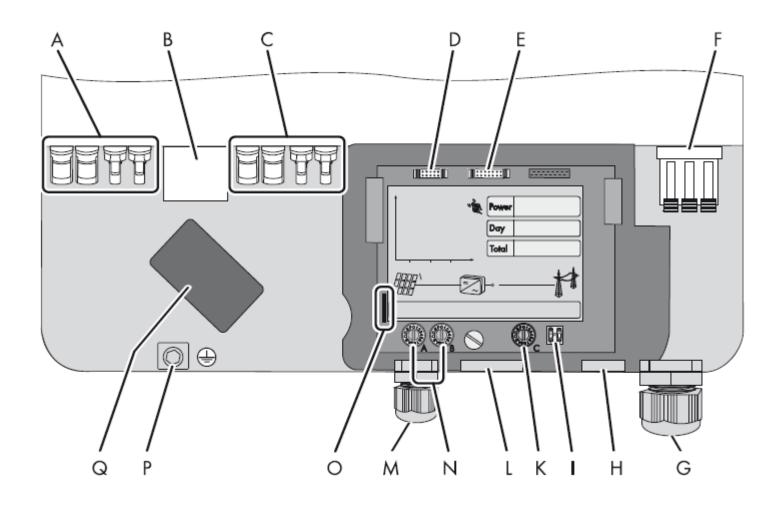


Inverter Mounting - STP 15000/20000TLEE-10

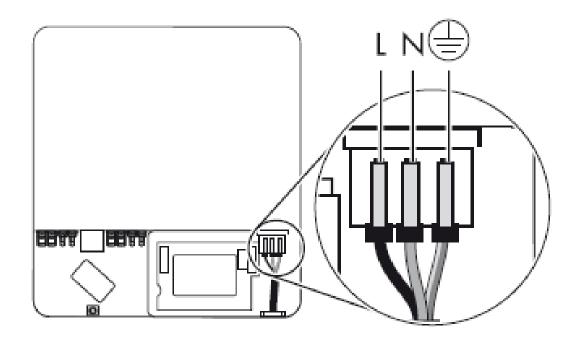




Connection Area

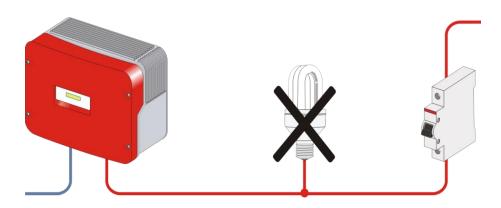


Connection Area: AC

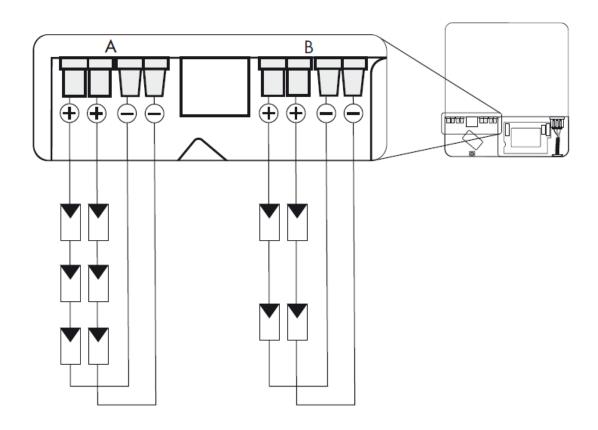


Electrical connection: AC side

- > Minimizing the cable resistance:
 - avoids the disconnection of the inverter
 - reduces line losses
- > Fixed terminal and screw connections avoid the risk of fire within the wiring
- Secure all inverters via a proper line circuit breaker (see Technical Information for determination)
- > Do not connect any further loads to the power circuit



Connection Area: DC

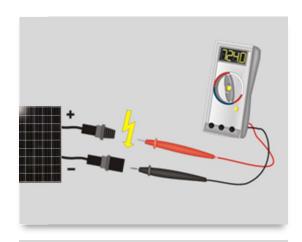


"SUNCLIX" - New DC plug system

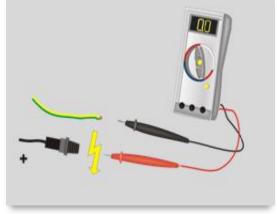
- > Comfortable and fast due to connection without tools
- > Conductors ranging from 2.5 to 6 mm²
- > High conductancy with 40 A already with 4 mm² up to 85 °C
- > Secure interlocking using click connections
- Easy to unlock with a standard screwdriver even if plugs are close together
- Cost-effective due to field connector included in delivery



Electrical connection: DC side



- > Checking the PV generator
 - > voltage and polarity
- > PV generator voltage < maximum input voltage of the inverter

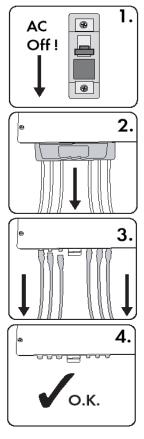


- Checking the voltage of the PV generator connection to PE (DC "+" against ground, DC "-" against ground)
- Integrating the module frame and rack of the PV generator into the potential equalization

Electrical connection / disconnection of AC side

Read the manual!

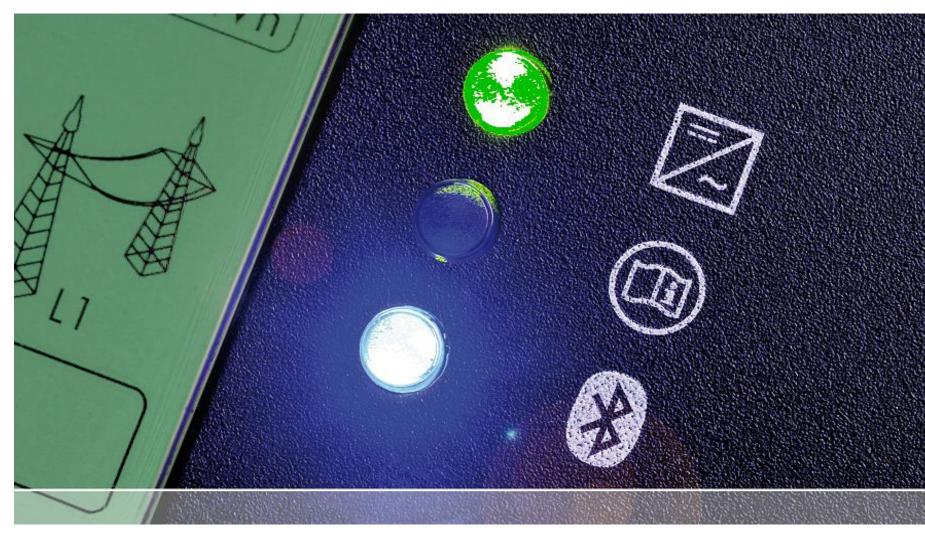
- > Tasks
 - Disconnection the inverter from PV generator
 - Avoidance of arcing
- Disconnecting process:
 - Step 1: Switch off the grid
 - Step 2: Switch off by pulling ESS handle
 - Interrupting the current flow
 - Step 3: Disconnecting all DC connectors Without arcing



▶ Safe disconnection from PV generator complete

Inverter monitoring





Objectives of plant monitoring

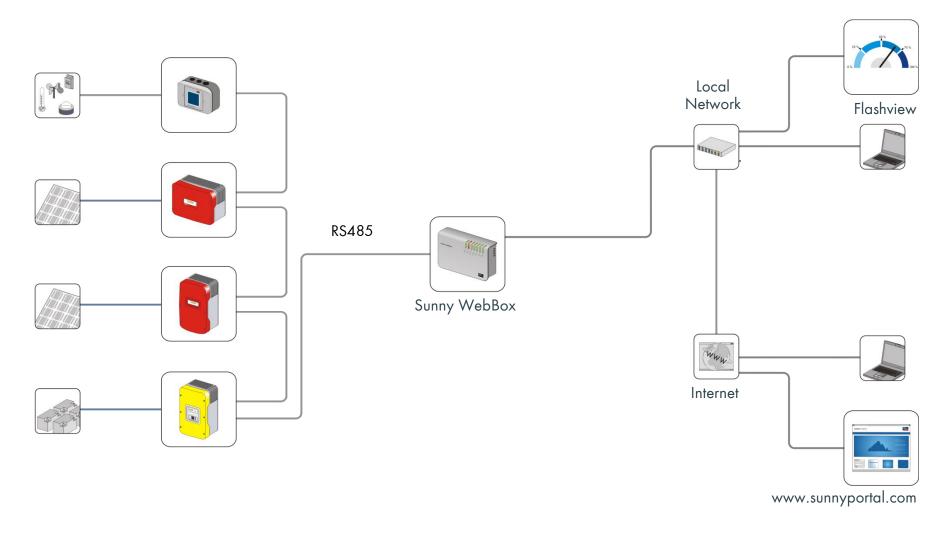
> Check

- Energy production
- Display of instantaneous values, e.g. feed-in power
- Continuous recording of plant data
- Graphic presentation of recorded data
- In case of an operational failure, signaling is guaranteed by the connection of warning devices onsite or by telecommunication
- Early detection of operational failures

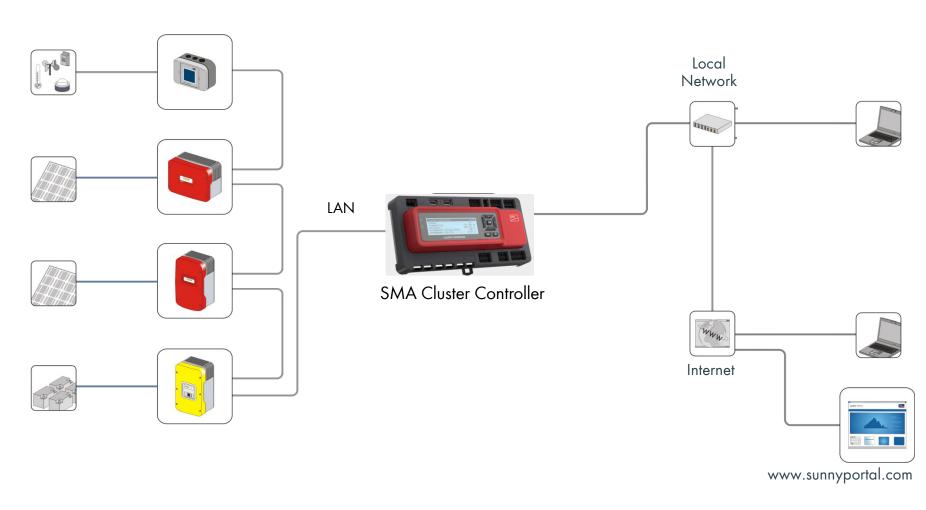
> Control

• Optimization of device parameters, e.g. to adjust the disconnection criteria (consulting your electric power company will be necessary!)

Standard communication with RS485



Standard communication with Speedwire



Webconnect

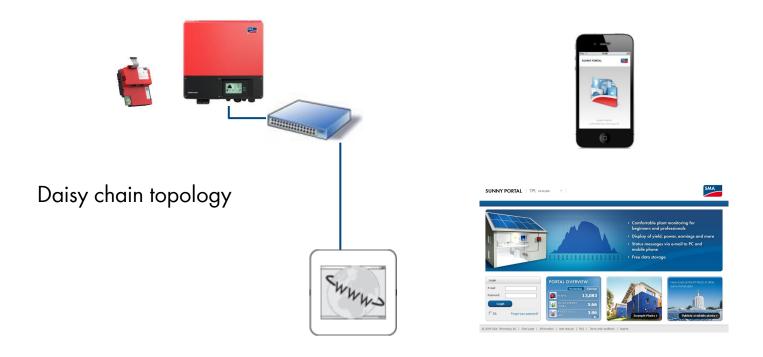


Use the advantages of the integrated Webconnect function

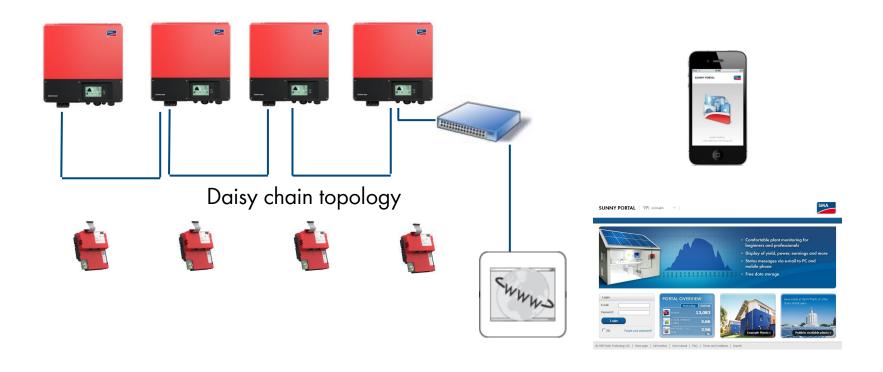
- > Direct connection to the existing router possible
- Online control of small PV plants up to max. 4 Inverters
- > Direct connection to Sunny Portal without add. data-logger
- View of the most important data for private user in Sunny Portal

- ▶ Simple, Fast, Secure
- Plug & Play

Speedwire/Webonnect up to 4 inverters without monitoring device

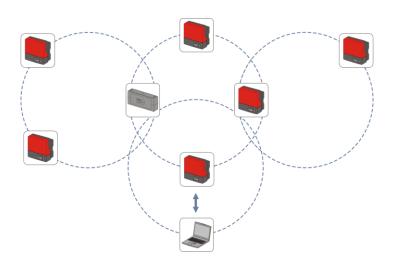


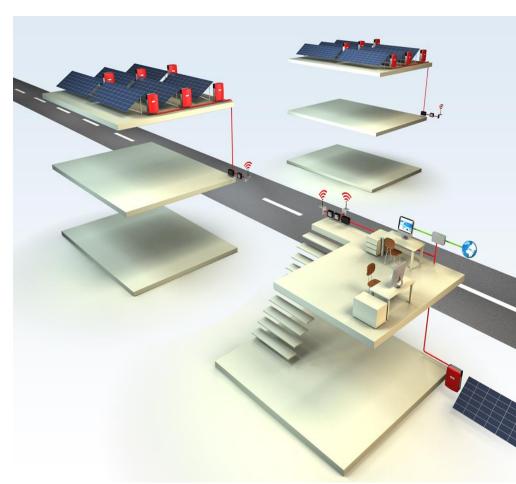
Speedwire/Webonnect up to 4 inverters without monitoring device



Standard communication with SMA Bluetooth® Wireless Technology

- > Automatic and intelligent meshing
- > Up to 50 participants
- > Fast and reliable





Country certificate





Inverter features need to have



- > High efficiency
- > Reliability
- > Protection feature
- > Grid monitoring
- > Grid management
- > Easy monitor and control
- > Easy installation
- > Country certificate





Energy that Changes

Thank you for your attention www.sma.de